

17.

- A) himself B) his own
C) him D) itself

The majority of automobile accidents result from alcohol. A person who has drunk too much beer gets into a strange state called drunkenness. This state is marked either by an unpleasant feeling of loss of balance, or by falling asleep. Either of these problems is dangerous for drivers. On the road, a drunk driver is too dizzy to pay attention to traffic signs, and his lack of control may lead him to run a stop sign, exceed the speed limit, or swerve his car. As a result, he may either hit another car or a person. It is very likely that he will crash his car and often he will kill or injure himself or others. Therefore, the government has established stricter laws against drunk drivers.

18. Drunkenness occurs when a person.....

- A) takes excessive alcohol.
B) gets into a strange state.
C) loses his balance.
D) has an unpleasant feeling.

19. Drunk drivers are liable to

- A) pay attention to traffic rules.
B) drink too much beer.
C) observe the speed limit.
D) violate traffic rules and have accidents.

20. The laws established by the government

- A) are not approved by drivers.
B) were not so strict in the past as they are now.
C) lead the drivers to run a stop sign.
D) cause the drivers to injure themselves or others.

3-qism: Har bir topshiriq 2,6 balldan baholanadi

21. Complete the sentence.

_____, the occasion will be held in the ball room instead.

- A) Although everyone had brought their umbrellas with them
B) The number of the flights to Europe decreased
C) In case of rain or snow during next week's wedding reception
D) Despite the accurate predictions of meteorology

22. Find an incorrect sentence.

(1) Sewage system of the government has a major problem. (2) They're running out of numbers for their customers. (3) The system now in use invented in 1947. (4) No one then had any idea how fast the population would grow.

- A) 1 B) 2
C) 3 D) 4

23. (1) One of the most important principles in biology is that all living things must come from other living things. (2) This principle was not discovered until the 18th century. (3) Before that people believed that life could come from other kinds of matter. (4) In other words, a human being can come from a chimpanzee.

- A) 1 B) 2
C) 3 D) 4

24. Restate the sentence.

His seat belt saved him from suffering a serious injury.

- A) But for his seatbelt, he could have been saved from a significant injury.
B) Had he not been wearing his seatbelt, he would have been seriously injured.
C) Because he survived from a crucial injury, he promised to wear his seatbelt from then on.
D) Thanks to his seatbelt, he was saved from suffering a serious injury with only minor bruises.

25. Nobody is infallible but some are a lot more fallible than others!

- A) Everyone makes mistakes but some make more mistakes than others.
B) Some people have more faults than others but it doesn't mean that they are wrong ones.
C) Anybody is hardly faultless but you have to know that some are less fallible.
D) No single person is perfect; However, some are a lot more supreme than others.

26. He couldn't figure _____ what the manager was hinting _____ during the meeting.

- A) on / at B) up / to
C) in / from D) out / at

27. Gemmy studied the report _____ because she knew she would have to answer the questions on it.

- A) ultimately B) simultaneously
C) thoroughly D) eventually

Ian Fleming's* evil globefish - also known as a puffer, blowfish, swellfish, or, in Japanese, fugu - is one of the most mysterious creatures of the sea. It is perhaps the



world's most deadly fish, yet in Japan the honorable fugu is the perfect example of gourmet dining. With its lazy, almost feeble way of swimming, the puffer fish gives no hint of its deadly nature. Here is no shark knifing through the water, with gleaming jaws agape; but the poison hidden in the puffer's entrails makes it fearsome indeed. About 100 species of puffers in several closely related families can be found throughout the world. Their most obvious characteristic is their ability to change from a reasonable fish shape into a sphere two or three times larger. When frightened, excited, or annoyed, they gulp water, or even air, into a sac on the belly. It swells inside their tough, elastic skin, like an inner tube inside a tire, so as to discourage predators or intimidate rivals. When the fish feels safe, it squirts out the water or releases the air, deflating to its normal shape.

28. In its appearance, the puffer fish

- A) resembles a shark with its jaws open
- B) looks as if it would taste delicious
- C) is both extraordinary and fearsome
- D) doesn't seem to be deadly

29. In certain situations, the puffer fish

- A) squirts water at its rivals
- B) hides its deadly nature by swimming feebly
- C) can increase in size
- D) will even attack sharks

30. Despite its deadly poison, the puffer fish

- A) is a much favored delicacy in Japan
- B) is frequently preyed upon by other fish
- C) never feels safe when other sea creatures are nearby
- D) prefers to attack its enemies with its teeth



O'quvchilar tayyorgarlik ko'rishlari uchun o'tgan yilgi savollar keltirilmoqda.

Maktabgacha va maktab ta'limi vazirligi Fan olimpiadalari bo'yicha iqtidorli o'quvchilar bilan ishlash departamenti tomonidan tuman bosqichi uchun nazorat materiallari shakllantirildi.

Telegram kanalimiga obuna bo'ling! 

<https://t.me/ustoz>

